#### I Mina'trentai Sais Na Liheslaturan Guåhan BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
335-36 (COR)		AN ACT TO AMEND \$84101, \$84103, \$84104, \$84105, \$84107, \$84110, \$84111, \$84112, AND \$84122; ADD A NEW \$ 84124; AND TO FURTHER REPEAL AND REENACT \$84102, ALL OF CHAPTER 84, TITLE 10, GUAN CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO UPDATING EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PROVISIONS IN GUAM LAW, ESTABLISHING INITIAL LICENSURE FEES, AND ELIGIBILITY, TRAINING, AND SKILL REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PERSONNEL	12:21 p.m.						

# *I MINA'TRENTAI SAIS NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* 2022 (SECOND) Regular Session

## Bill No. 335-36 (COR)

Introduced by:

Therese M. Terlaje

AN ACT TO AMEND §84101, §84103, §84104, §84105, §84107, §84110, §84111, §84112, AND §84122; ADD A NEW § 84124; AND TO FURTHER REPEAL AND REENACT §84102, ALL OF CHAPTER 84, TITLE 10, GUAM CODE TO ANNOTATED. RELATIVE UPDATING **EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PROVISIONS IN** GUAM LAW. ESTABLISHING INITIAL LICENSURE FEES, AND ELIGIBILITY, TRAINING, AND SKILL REOUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY **MEDICAL** SERVICE PERSONNEL.

## **BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

- 2 Section 1. § 84101 of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, is
- 3 *amended* to read as follows:
- 4 **"§ 84101. Intent.**
- 5 *I Liheslaturan Guahan* hereby declares that:
- 6 (a) The provision of emergency medical services is a matter of vital concern
  7 affecting the public health, safety and welfare of the people of Guam;
- 8 (b) it is the purpose and intent of this Chapter to establish, promote and 9 maintain a comprehensive Territorial emergency medical services 10 system throughout <u>the Guam island</u>. The system will provide for the 11 arrangement of personnel, facilities, and equipment for the effective and

coordinated delivery of health care services under emergency 1 2 conditions, whether occurring as the result of a patient's condition or of 3 natural disasters or other causes. The system shall also provide for 4 personnel, personnel training, communications, emergency 5 transportation, facilities, coordination with emergency medical and critical care services, coordination and use of available public safety 6 7 agencies, promotion of consumer participation, accessibility to care, 8 mandatory standard medical recordkeeping, consumer information and 9 education, independent review and evaluation, disaster linkage, mutual 10 aid agreements, and other components necessary to meet the purposes 11 of this Chapter part. Further, it is the policy of the government of Guam 12 that people shall be encouraged and trained to assist others at the scene 13 of a medical emergency. The local government, agencies, and other organizations shall be encouraged to offer training in cardiopulmonary 14 15 resuscitation and lifesaving first aid techniques so that people may be adequately trained, prepared, and encouraged to assist others 16 17 immediately;

(c) it is the intent of the *I Liheslatura* to assure the island community that 18 prompt, efficient and effective emergency medical services will be 19 20 provided as mandated by Public Law P.L. 17-78, §72105 which states 21 that the Guam Fire Department shall have the authority and 22 responsibility of operating an emergency medical and rescue services 23 system. Therefore, *I Liheslatura* recognizes the Guam Fire Department in its role as the designated central agency for the overall operation of 24 25 the island's enhanced 911 emergency medical services system. Furthermore, I Liheslatura finds that in order for the Guam Fire 26 27 Department to provide prompt, efficient and effective quality

1	emergency medical care, coordination between EMS agencies and the
2	EMS Commission is a key element in a functioning EMS System .; and
3	(d) It is the intent of I Liheslatura to improve the integration of the
4	emergency medical services into the health care continuum of the Guam
5	health care system. Therefore, I Liheslatura recognizes the need to
6	develop outreach programs to improve access to and the quality of our
7	health care delivery system. Thus, a program such as the Community
8	Paramedic Outreach Program concept shall be placed into the EMS
9	system; and
10	(e) it is the intent of <i>I Liheslatura</i> in enacting this Chapter to prescribe and
11	exercise the degree of government of Guam direction and supervision
12	over emergency medical services as will provide for the government of
13	Guam action immunity under federal antitrust laws for activities
14	undertaken by local governmental entities in carrying out their
15	prescribed functions under this Chapter."
16	Section 2. § 84102 of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, is
17	hereby <i>repealed</i> , and <i>reenacted</i> to read:
18	<del>"§ 84102. Definitions.</del>
19	Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions contained in this
20	Chapter shall govern the provisions of this Commission:
21	(a) Emergency medical service means a service designated by the Commission
22	as providing emergency medical assistance on the scene, enroute, and at
23	designated emergency medical services facilities.
24	(b) Administrator means the Administrator, or his/her designee, of the Guam
25	Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office created under this
26	Chapter.

1	(c) Advanced life support or "ALS" for ambulance services, means special
2	services designed to provide definitive pre-hospital emergency medical
3	care, including, but not limited to, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, cardiac
4	monitoring, cardiac defibrillation, advanced airway management,
5	intravenous therapy, administration of specified drugs and other medicinal
6	preparations, and other specified techniques and procedures administered
7	by authorized personnel under the direct supervision of a hospital as part of
8	a local EMS system at the scene of an emergency, during transport to an
9	acute care hospital, during interfacility transfer, and while in the emergency
10	department of an acute care hospital, until responsibility is assumed by the
11	emergency or other medical staff of that hospital.
12	(d) Authority means the Emergency Medical Services authority established by
13	this Chapter.
14	(e) Basic life support or "BLS" means emergency first aid and
14 15	(e) Basic life support or "BLS" means emergency first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include
15	cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include
15 16	cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper
15 16 17	cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without
15 16 17 18	cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without invasive techniques until the victim may be transported or until advanced
15 16 17 18 19	cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without invasive techniques until the victim may be transported or until advanced life support is available.
15 16 17 18 19 20	cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without invasive techniques until the victim may be transported or until advanced life support is available. (f) Commission means the Guam Emergency Medical Services Commission
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without invasive techniques until the victim may be transported or until advanced life support is available.</li> <li>(f) Commission means the Guam Emergency Medical Services Commission created under this Chapter.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without invasive techniques until the victim may be transported or until advanced life support is available.</li> <li>(f) Commission means the Guam Emergency Medical Services Commission created under this Chapter.</li> <li>(g) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation or "CPR" means the combination of rescue</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>cardiopulmonary resuscitation procedures which, as a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of cardiopulmonary resuscitation to maintain life without invasive techniques until the victim may be transported or until advanced life support is available.</li> <li>(f) Commission means the Guam Emergency Medical Services Commission created under this Chapter.</li> <li>(g) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation or "CPR" means the combination of rescue breathing and chest compressions used to establish adequate ventilation and</li> </ul>

1	(i) A mass casualty means so many persons being injured, incapacitated, made
2	ill, or killed that ordinary resources for emergency treatment are strained
3	beyond capacity.
4	(j) Medical direction on-line means advice, assistance, supervision, and
5	control provided from a state designated regional medical facility staffed

- by emergency physicians supplying professional support through radio,
   telephonic, or any written or oral communication for on-site and in-transit
   basic and advanced life support services given by pre-hospital field
   personnel.
- (k) Emergency patient means an individual who is acutely ill, injured,
   incapacitated or helpless, and who requires emergency care.
- (1) Ambulance means any privately or publicly owned ground motor vehicle,
   watercraft, or aircraft that is specially designed, constructed, equipped and
   approved pursuant to the Guam EMS Office regulations intended to be used
   for and maintained or operated for the transportation of patients with
   medical conditions unable to use other means of transportation, except any
   such ground motor vehicle, watercraft, or aircraft owned or operated under
   the direct control of the United States.
- (m) Emergency ambulance services means the transportation of emergency
   medical services to emergency patients before or during such
   transportation.
- (n) Ambulance service means an individual, partnership, association,
   corporation, private or government, whether for profit or not, engaged in
   the activity of providing emergency medical care and the transportation of
   either emergency or nonemergency sick, injured, or otherwise medically or
   psychologically incapacitated individuals by ambulances staffed by BLS or

ALS personnel to, from, or between general hospitals or other healthcare facilities.

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- (o) Emergency Medical Technician-Basic means someone who has a valid
   certificate issued by the Guam Office of EMS, who has been trained in all
   facets of basic emergency care skills, including automated external
   defibrillation, use of a definitive airway adjunct, and assisting patients with
   certain medications, and other training and certifications as required by the
   EMS Administrator under this Chapter.
- 9 (p) Emergency medical service facility means a facility that is certified and
   10 operated under the laws of Guam, and is equipped, prepared, and staffed to
   11 provide medical care for emergency patients appropriate to its
   12 classification.
- (q) Person means any natural person or persons, firm, partnership, corporation,
   company, association or joint stock association, and the legal successors
   thereof, including any governmental agency or instrumentality other than
   an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- (r) Emergency Medical Technician Paramedic (EMT-P) means an individual
   who holds a current, valid certificate issued by the Office of EMS, who has
   extensive training in advanced life support, including IV (intravenous)
   therapy, pharmacology, cardiac monitoring, and other advanced
   assessment and treatment skills as required by the EMS Administrator.
- (s) Emergency Medical Technician Intermediate (EMT-I) means an individual
   who holds a current, valid certificate issued by the Office of EMS, who has
   training in advanced life support, including IV (intravenous) therapy,
   interpretation of cardiac rhythms and defibrillation and or tracheal
   intubation, whose scope of practice is to provide advanced life support, and

1	who meets specialized extensive training in advance assessment and
2	treatment skills as required by the EMS Administrator.
3	(t) Emergency Medical Responder means the first trained individual, such as
4	police officer, firefighter, lifeguard, or other rescuer, to arrive at the scene
5	of an emergency to provide initial medical assistance.
6	(u) Certificate or Certification
7	(1) Certificate or license means a specific document issued by the
8	Administrator to an individual denoting competence in the named
9	area of pre-hospital service either paid or volunteer;
10	(2) Certification status or license status means the active, expired,
11	denied, suspended, revoked, or placed on probation designation
12	applied to a certificate or license issued pursuant to this Chapter; (3)
13	Certification is a process in which a person, an institution, or a
14	program is evaluated and recognized as meeting certain
15	predetermined standards to provide safe and ethical care.
16	(v) Competency based curriculum means a curriculum in which specific
17	objectives are defined for each process in which a person, an institution, or a program
18	is evaluated and recognized as meeting predetermined standards of the separate

been designated by a local EMS agency to perform specified emergency medical
 services systems functions pursuant to guidelines established by the Authority.
 (x)Emergency Medical Services Personnel means personnel approved by the
 Administrator to provide emergency medical assistance on the scene, enroute, and

skills taught in training programs with integrated didactic and practical instruction

and successful completion of an examination demonstrating mastery of every skill.

(w) Designated facility means a hospital and/or urgent care clinic, which has

26 at designated emergency medical services facilities.

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(y)Emergency means a serious condition or situation, such as illness or injury,
 in which an individual or group has a need for immediate medical attention that
 threatens the life or welfare of a person or group of people and requires immediate
 intervention, or where the potential for such need is perceived by emergency medical
 personnel or a public safety agency.

6 (z) Emergency Medical Services System means a collective system which
7 provides the coordination and arrangement of personnel, facilities, regulations, and
8 equipment for the effective and coordinated delivery of efficient and effective
9 quality emergency medical care.

(aa) EMS Medical Director means a Guam licensed physician who provides
 overall medical direction for the Emergency Medical Services System.

12 (bb) Commercial Ambulance Service means a non-governmental ambulance
 13 service.

(cc) Treatment Protocol means written guidelines (also known as Off-line
 Medical Direction) approved by the Medical Director providing pre-hospital
 personnel with a standardized approach to commonly encountered patient problems
 that is related to medical or trauma, thus encountering immediate care.

18 (dd) Compliance to Protocol shall mean the adherence to the written text or 19 scripts, and other processes within the approved emergency medical dispatch 20 protocol reference system, except that, deviation from the text or script may only 21 occur for the express purpose of clarifying the meaning or intent of a question or 22 facilitating the clear understanding of a required action, instruction, or response from 23 the caller.

24 (ee) Continuing Education shall mean educational experiences in accordance
 25 with guidelines, regulations, law, policies and or requirements as established by the
 26 Department of Transportation, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration,

the Emergency Medical Dispatch National Standard Curriculum, and/or other U.S.
 Accredited Institutions of Learning.

3 (ff) Emergency Medical Dispatcher-E911 Call Taker means an individual
4 trained and certified by the Guam Office of EMS employed by or in the Guam Fire
5 Department, or private organization, either part-time or full-time, who manages the
6 answering of emergency telephone calls and/or management of requests for
7 emergency medical assistance in an emergency medical services (EMS) system. It
8 involves two

9 (2) broad aspects of work: call-taking, where calls for emergency medical 10 assistance are received and prioritized using a medically approved dispatch protocol 11 system utilizing pre-arrival instructions; and controlling where the most appropriate 12 ambulance is dispatched to the emergency and ambulance resources are optimized 13 in their areas of operations.

14 (gg) First Responder means those individuals who in the early stages of an 15 incident are responsible for the protection and preservation of life, property, 16 evidence, and the environment, including emergency response providers as defined 17 in Section 2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101), as well as 18 emergency management, public health, clinical care, public works, and other skilled 19 support personnel (such as equipment operators) that provide immediate support 20 services during prevention, response, and recovery operations.

First Responder Homeland Security Act of 2002 refers to "Emergency
 response providers", and includes, federal, state, and local government emergency
 public safety, law enforcement, emergency response, emergency medical, and
 related personnel, agencies, and authorities.

(hh) Non-medical Transport Services means transportation that is provided in
 non-medical and non- emergent situations to people who do not require medical

attention, e.g. para-transits, vans with wheelchair access, and passenger service
 vehicles.

3 (ii) Basic Life Support Ground Transport Services means transportation that
4 is provided in a non-emergent situation to people who require special medical
5 monitoring and support.

6 (jj) Basic Life Support Emergency Ambulance Services means transportation
7 that is provided where medical necessity is established when the patient's condition
8 is such that use of any other method of transportation is contraindicated.

9 (kk) Training Service Provider means an organization or higher learning 10 institution providing training to the public or person on EMR, EMT-B and CPR that 11 has an approved certification process approved by the EMS Administrator from 12 DPHSS Office of EMS. All competency-based curriculum must contain specific 13 objectives defined for each process in which a person, an institution, or a program is 14 evaluated and recognized as meeting predetermined standards of the separate skills taught in training programs with integrated didactic and practical instruction and 15 16 successful completion of an examination demonstrating mastery of every skill, which must be approved by the EMS Administrator of the DPHSS Office of EMS. 17

18 (II) EMSC Program means the Emergency Medical Services for Children
19 Program.

20 (mm) Community Paramedic is EMS involvement in community health,
 21 providing physician-extender services to those in need of assessment, treatment, and
 22 education.

(nn) Emergency Medical Technician-Outreach (EMT- O)/Community
 Paramedic is an advanced paramedic that works to increase access to primary and
 preventive care and decrease use of emergency departments, which in turn decreases
 health care costs. Among other things, EMT-Os may play a key role in providing
 follow-up services after a hospital discharge to prevent hospital readmission. EMT-

1	Os can provide health assessments, chronic disease monitoring and education,
2	medication management, immunizations and vaccinations, laboratory specimen
3	collection, hospital discharge follow-up care, and minor medical procedures. The
4	EMT-Os shall work under the direction of an EMS Medical Director."
5	<u>"§ 84102. Definitions.</u>
6	Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions contained in this
7	Chapter shall govern the provisions of this Commission:
8	(a) "Administrator" - The Administrator or his/her designee of the DPHSS
9	Office of EMS Administrative Office created under this Chapter.
10	(b) "Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS)" - A course of instruction
11	designed to prepare students in the practice of advanced emergency cardiac
12	<u>care.</u>
13	(c) "Advance Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT)" - Provide basic and
14	limited advanced emergency medical care and transportation for critical
15	and emergent patients who access the emergency medical system. This
16	individual possesses the basic knowledge and skills necessary to provide
17	patient care and transportation. Advanced Emergency Medical
18	Technicians function as part of a comprehensive EMS response, under
19	medical oversight. Advanced Emergency Medical Technicians perform
20	interventions with the basic and advanced equipment typically found on an
21	ambulance. The Advanced Emergency Medical Technician is a link from
22	the scene to the emergency health care system.
23	(d) "Ambulance" – Any conveyance on land, sea or air used or is intended to
24	be used for the purpose of responding to emergency life-threatening
25	situations and providing emergency transportation services
26	(e) "Basic Cardiac Life Support (BLS/CPR)" - A course of instruction
27	designed to prepare students in cardiopulmonary resuscitation techniques.

1	(f) "Certificate or Certification" - Shall mean authorization in written form
2	issued by the Administrator to provide emergency medical assistance on
3	the scene, enroute and at designated emergency medical facilities.
4	(g) "Commission" - Means the Guam Emergency Medical Services
5	Commission created under this Chapter.
6	(h) "Continuing Education" - Education required for the renewal of a
7	certificate or registration.
8	(i) <u>"Department of Transportation (DOT)" – A Federal Agency mandated to</u>
9	establish minimum standards for provisions of care for victims.
10	(j) <u>"Department" – (DPHSS OEMS) Guam Department of Public Health and</u>
11	Social Services (DPHSS) Office of EMS.
12	(k) <u>"E-911" – Means "Enhanced" 911.</u>
13	(1) "Education Program Standards" – DOT and NHTSA approved National
14	EMS Educational Standards that shall be met by state-recognized EMS
15	education programs.
16	(m) "Emergency" - Means any actual or self-perceived event which
17	threatens life, limb or well-being of an individual in such a manner that
18	immediate medical or public safety care is needed.
19	(n) "Emergency Ambulance Service" - The transportation of injured/ill
20	patients by ambulance and the administration of emergency medical
21	services to injured/ill patients before or during such transportation
22	(o) "Emergency Medical Dispatcher (EMD)" - An emergency medical
23	dispatcher is a professional telecommunicator, tasked with the gathering of
24	information related to medical emergencies, the provision of assistance and
25	instructions by voice, prior to the arrival of emergency medical services
26	(EMS), and the dispatching and support of EMS resources responding to
27	an emergency call. The term "emergency medical dispatcher" is also a

1	certification level and a professional designation, certified through the
2	Association of Public-Safety Communications Officials-International
3	(APSCOI) or the National Academies of Emergency Dispatch.
4	(p) "Emergency Medical Responder (EMR)" - Provide immediate lifesaving
5	care to critical patients who access the emergency medical services system.
6	EMR's have the knowledge and skills necessary to provide immediate
7	lifesaving interventions while awaiting additional EMS resources to arrive.
8	EMR's also provide assistance to higher-level personnel at the scene of
9	emergencies and during transport. Emergency Medical Responders are a
10	vital part of the comprehensive EMS response. Under medical oversight,
11	Emergency Medical Responders perform basic interventions with minimal
12	equipment.
13	(q) "Emergency Medical Service Facility" - A facility that is certified and
14	operated under the Government Code of Guam and is equipped, prepared,
15	staffed to provide medical care for emergency patients appropriate to its
16	classification that evaluates and stabilizes a medical condition of a recent
17	onset and severity, including severe pain, psychiatric disturbances, or
18	symptoms of substance abuse, that would lead a prudent layperson
19	possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health to believe that
20	the person's condition, sickness, or injury is of such a nature that failure to
21	get immediate medical care could result in death or dismemberment.
22	(r) "Emergency Medical Technician (EMT)" - provide out of hospital
23	emergency medical care and transportation for critical and emergent
24	patients who access the emergency medical services (EMS) system. EMTs
25	have the basic knowledge and skills necessary to stabilize and safely
26	transport patients ranging from non-emergency and routine medical
27	transports to life threatening emergencies. Emergency Medical

1	Technicians function as part of a comprehensive EMS response system,
2	under medical oversight. Emergency Medical Technicians perform
3	interventions with the basic equipment typically found on an ambulance.
4	Emergency Medical Technicians are a critical link between the scene of an
5	emergency and the health care system.
6	(s) "Emergency Medical Services (EMS)" - Service designated by the
7	Commission as providing emergency medical assistance on the scene,
8	enroute and at designated EMS facilities.
9	(t) "Emergency Medical Services Commission" - The Guam Emergency
10	Medical Services Commission as created under Article 1, Public Law 14-
11	<u>11.</u>
12	(u) "Emergency Medical Services Coordinator" - An Individual designated to
13	serve as a liaison officer for EMS inter-agencies, i.e., Guam Memorial
14	Hospital Authority, Department of Public Works - Office of Highway
15	Safety, Guam Community College, Civil Defense and EMS/Rescue
16	Bureau of the Guam Fire Department. The person shall coordinate didactyl
17	and clinical instructions and oversee the student clinical activities
18	(v) "EMS Education Center" - A state-recognized provider of initial courses,
19	EMS continuing education topics and/or refresher courses that qualify
20	individuals for state and/or National Registry EMR, EMT, AEMT and
21	Paramedic or EMD provider certification.
22	(w) <u>"EMS Education Group" – A state-recognized provider of EMS</u>
23	continuing education topics and/or refresher courses that qualify
24	individuals for initial or renewal of a state and/ or National Registry EMR,
25	EMT, AEMT and Paramedic or EMD certification.
26	(x)"EMS Medical Director" - For the purposes of these rules, a Guam
27	licensed physician in good standing who authorizes and directs, through

1	protocols and standing orders, the performance of students-in-training
2	enrolled in a DOT and NHTSA National EMS Education Standard
3	recognized program and/or EMS license holders who perform medical
4	acts, and who is specifically identified as being responsible to assure the
5	performance competency of those EMS Providers as described in the DOT
6	and NHTSA National EMS Educational Standards.
7	(y) EMSC Program - means the Emergency Medical Services for Children
8	Program.
9	(z) "EMS Provider" - Means an individual who holds a valid emergency
10	medical service provider certificate issued by the state and/ or NREMT and
11	includes Emergency Medical Responder, Emergency Medical Technician,
12	Advanced Emergency Medical Technician, and Paramedic.
13	(aa) <u>"First Responder Homeland Security Act 2002" - Refers to 'Emergency</u>
14	response providers' includes, federal, state, and local government
15	emergency public safety, law enforcement, emergency response,
16	emergency medical, and related personnel, agencies, and authorities.
17	(bb) <u>"First Responder" - Means those individuals who in the early stages of</u>
18	an incident are responsible for the protection and preservation of life,
19	property, evidence, and the environment, including emergency response
20	providers as defined in Section 2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6
21	U.S.C. 101), as well as emergency management, public health, clinical
22	care, public works, and other skilled support personnel (such as equipment
23	operators) that provide immediate support services during prevention,
24	response, and recovery operations.
25	(cc) <u>"Initial Certification" - First time application for and issuance by the</u>
26	state and /or NREMT of a certificate at any level as an EMS provider. This
27	shall include applications received from persons holding any level of EMS

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1	certification issued by the NREMT who are applying for either a higher or
2	lower-level certificate.
3	(dd) <u>"Initial Course" - A course of study based on the DOT and NHSTA</u>
4	approved curriculum that meets the National EMS Education Standard
5	requirements for issuance of a certificate or REGISTRATION for the first
6	time.
7	(ee) <u>"Initial Registration" – first time application for and issuance by the</u>
8	DPHSS Office of EMS of a registration as an EMD, EMR, EMT, AEMT
9	or Paramedic. This shall include applications received from persons
10	holding any level of EMS certification issued by the state and/or NREMT
11	who are applying for registration.
12	(ff) <u>"Letter of Admonition" - A form of disciplinary sanction that is placed</u>
13	in an EMS provider's file and represents an adverse action against the
14	certificate holder.
15	(gg) <u>"License or Licensure" – Authorization in written form issued by the</u>
16	Administrator to a person to furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, advertise
17	or otherwise engage in providing EMS Services.
18	(hh) <u>"License" – Certificate or Certification</u>
19	(ii) "Mass Casualty Incident" - Defined as an incident in which EMS
20	resources, such as personnel and equipment are overwhelmed by the
21	number and severity of casualties.
22	(jj)"Medical Direction On-Line" - Advice, assistance, supervision, and
23	control provided from a state designated regional medical facility staffed
24	by emergency physicians supplying professional support through radio,
25	telephonic, or any written or oral communication for on-site and in-transit
26	basic and advanced life support services given by prehospital field
27	personnel.

1	(kk) "Nation Registry Emergency Medical Technician (NREMT)" - An
2	individual who has a current and valid EMT license issued by the DPHSS
3	Office of EMS who meets the requirements established under Chapter 84,
4	P.L. 14-11, who is authorized to provide basic emergency medical care in
5	accordance with the Rules Pertaining to EMS Practice and Medical
6	Director Oversight and meets the specialized training requirements as
7	established by the U.S. DOT and NHTSA in the National EMS
8	Educational Standards EMT Level. For the purposes of these rules, EMT
9	includes the historic EMS Provider level of EMT. This definition will
10	apply to this term or any future changes established by the U.S. DOT.
11	(11) "National Continued Competency Program (NCCP)" - Constructed using
12	methodology similar to that of the American Board of Medical Specialties.
13	(mm) <u>"National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA)" – A DOT</u>
14	agency leading the federal role in the creation of national standard curricula
15	for EMR's, EMT-B's, AEMT's and Paramedics defining the necessary
16	components and training of an EMS System.
17	(nn) <u>"National Registry Advance Emergency Medical Technician</u>
18	(NRAEMT)" - An individual who has a current and valid AEMT license
19	issued by the DPHSS Office of EMS who meets the requirements
20	established under Chapter 84, P.L. 14-11, who is authorized to provide
21	advance emergency medical care in accordance with the Rules Pertaining
22	to EMS Practice and Medical Director Oversight and meets the specialized
23	training requirements as established by the U.S. DOT and NHTSA in the
24	National EMS Educational Standards for the AEMT Level. This definition
25	will apply to this term or any future changes established by the U.S. DOT.
26	(00) <u>"National Registry Emergency Medical Responder (NREMR)" – An</u>
27	individual who has successfully completed the training and examination

1	requirements for emergency medical responders and who provides
2	assistance to the injured or ill until more highly trained and qualified
3	personnel arrive.
4	(pp) <u>"National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians (NREMT)" - A</u>
5	national non-governmental organization that certifies entry-level (EMR,
6	EMT, AEMT and Paramedic) and ongoing competency of EMS providers.
7	(qq) "National Registry Paramedic (NRP)" - An individual who has a
8	current and valid Paramedic license issued by the DPHSS Office of EMS
9	who meets the requirements established under Chapter 84, P.L. 14-11, who
10	is authorized to provide critical advance emergency medical care in
11	accordance with the Rules Pertaining to EMS Practice and Medical
12	Director Oversight and meets the specialized training requirements as
13	established by the U.S. DOT and NHTSA in the National EMS
14	Educational Standards for the Paramedic Level. This definition will apply
15	to this term or any future changes established by the U.S. DOT.
16	(rr) <u>"Non-Emergency Medical Transport" - Non-emergency medical</u>
17	transportation is a form of medical transportation which is provided in
18	non-emergency situations to people who require special medical attention,
19	e.g., para-transits, vans w/ wheelchair access and passenger service
20	vehicles
21	(ss) <u>"Office of Emergency Medical Services" – The Administrative Office</u>
22	of EMS within the Department of Public Health and Social Services
23	(tt)"Paramedic" - is an allied health professional whose primary focus is to
24	provide advanced emergency medical care for critical and emergent
25	patients who access the emergency medical system. This individual
26	possesses the complex knowledge and skills necessary to provide patient
27	care and transportation. Paramedics function as part of a comprehensive

1	EMS response, under medical oversight. Paramedics perform interventions
2	with the basic and advanced equipment typically found on an ambulance.
3	The Paramedic is a link from the scene into the health care system.
4	(uu) "Pediatric Advance Life Support (PALS)" - A course instruction
5	designed to prepare students in the practice of advance pediatric
6	emergency cardiac care.
7	(vv) "Practical or Psychomotor Skills Examination" - A skills test conducted
8	at the end of an initial course and prior to application for national
9	certification or state licensure.
10	(ww) "Provisional Certification" - A certification, valid for not more than 1
11	year, that may be issued by the state and/or NREMT to an EMS
12	PROVIDER applicant seeking certification.
13	(xx) <u>"Provisional Registration" – A registration, valid for not more than 1</u>
14	year, that may be issued by the state and/or NREMT to an EMT applicant
15	seeking registration.
16	(yy) "Refresher Course" - A course of study based on the Department of
17	Transportation approved curriculum that contributes in part to the
18	education requirements for renewal of a license or registration.
19	(zz) "Registered Emergency Medical Responder (EMR)" - An individual
20	who has successfully completed the training and examination requirements
21	for EMRs based on DOT and NHSTA National EMS Education Standard
22	recognized program who provides assistance to the injured or ill until more
23	highly trained and qualified personnel arrive, and who is registered with
24	the DPHSS Office of EMS.
25	(aaa) "Rules Pertaining to EMS Practice and Medical Director Oversight" -
26	Rules adopted by the EMS Administrator and or Medical Director of
27	DPHSS and the Office of EMS upon the advice of the EMS Commission

1	that establishes the responsibilities of medical directors and all authorized
2	acts of EMS license holders
3	(bbb) <u>"Shall" – Means compliance is mandatory</u>
4	(ccc) "Tele-Communicator" - Operates communication equipment to
5	receive incoming calls for assistance and dispatches personnel and
6	equipment to scene of emergency: Operates telephone console to receive
7	incoming calls for assistance.
8	(ddd) "Treatment Protocol" - Written guidelines (also known as Off-line
9	Medical Direction) approved by the EMS Medical Director providing pre-
10	hospital personnel with a standardized approach to commonly encountered
11	patient problems that is related to medical or trauma, thus encountering
12	immediate care."
13	Section 3. § 84103 (b)(1) and (c) of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code
14	Annotated, is hereby <i>amended</i> to read:
15	" §84103. Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office.
15 16	<ul><li><b>** §84103. Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office.</b></li><li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social</li></ul>
16	(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social
16 17	(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the
16 17 18	(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).
16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).</li> <li>(b) The Office shall plan, establish, implement, administer, maintain and</li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).</li> <li>(b) The Office shall plan, establish, implement, administer, maintain and evaluate the Guam comprehensive emergency medical services system to serve the</li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).</li> <li>(b) The Office shall plan, establish, implement, administer, maintain and evaluate the Guam comprehensive emergency medical services system to serve the emergency health needs of the people of Guam in an organized pattern of readiness</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).</li> <li>(b) The Office shall plan, establish, implement, administer, maintain and evaluate the Guam comprehensive emergency medical services system to serve the emergency health needs of the people of Guam in an organized pattern of readiness and response services based on public and private agreements and operational</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).</li> <li>(b) The Office shall plan, establish, implement, administer, maintain and evaluate the Guam comprehensive emergency medical services system to serve the emergency health needs of the people of Guam in an organized pattern of readiness and response services based on public and private agreements and operational procedures.</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(a) There is hereby created, within the Department of Public Health and Social Services, a Guam Emergency Medical Services Administrative Office called the Office of Emergency Medical Services (Office of EMS).</li> <li>(b) The Office shall plan, establish, implement, administer, maintain and evaluate the Guam comprehensive emergency medical services system to serve the emergency health needs of the people of Guam in an organized pattern of readiness and response services based on public and private agreements and operational procedures.</li> <li>(1) The Office, in the implementation of this part of the plan, will</li> </ul>

1 2

(2) All emergency medical services, ambulance services, and private non-emergent transport services conducted are under the authority of the Office of EMS and shall be consistent with this Chapter.

3

4 (c) The Office of EMS shall be responsible for the implementation of 5 advanced life support systems, limited advanced life support systems, community 6 outreach programs, and for the monitoring of training programs. The Office of EMS 7 shall be responsible for determining that the operation of training programs at the Emergency Medical Responder (EMR), Emergency Medical Technician-Basic 8 (EMT-B), Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate/Advance (EMT-(I)(A), 9 10 Emergency Medical Technician-Outreach (EMT-O), Advance Life Support (ALS), 11 and Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) based on the DOT and 12 NHSTA EMS Educational Standards at the NREMR, NREMT, NRAMT and NRP 13 levels are in compliance with this Chapter, and shall approve the training programs 14 if they are found to be in compliance with this Chapter."

15

#### Section 4. § 84104 of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, 16 is *amended* read:

17 **\*§ 84104 Administration** Commission Membership. The Administrator of the DPHSS Office of EMS shall serve as the Executive Secretary of the Guam EMS 18 Commission. The Administrator shall at each EMS Commission meeting report to 19 20 the Commission its observations and recommendations relative to its review of the 21 ambulance services, emergency medical care, and first aid practices, and programs 22 for training people in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and lifesaving first aid Basic 23 and Advance Life Support techniques, and public participation in such EMS 24 programs. on all matters relating to emergency medical services as directed by the 25 EMS Commission. The Administrator *shall* designate an individual to be an "Emergency Medical Services Coordinator" to be a liaison official for EMS inter-26 27 agencies."

1	Section 5. §84105 of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated,
2	is amended, and a new §84105(s)(1)A) added, to read as follows:
3	"§ 84105. The Office of EMS Administrative Office: Composition;
4	Duties, and Responsibilities.
5	The Office of EMS Administrative Office shall be composed of a full-
6	time salaried Administrator and sufficient supporting staff to efficiently fulfill the
7	purpose of the emergency medical services system. The Administrator shall:
8	(a) implement emergency medical services regulations and standards;
9	(b) develop and promote, in cooperation with local public and private
10	organizations and persons, a Program for the provision of emergency medical
11	services and to set policies for the provision of such services. The Administrator
12	shall explore the possibility of coordinating emergency medical services with like
13	services in the military, the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas Islands, the
14	Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau; the Republic of Palau
15	and United States.
16	(c) the Office of EMS shall develop plans, implement guidelines, and
17	assess all current emergency medical services capability and performance, and the
18	established programs, to remedy identified deficiencies through the development
19	and periodic revision of a Comprehensive Plan for emergency medical services. The
20	Plan <i>shall</i> include, but not be limited to:
21	(1) emergency medical services personnel and training;
22	(2) emergency medical services facilities assessment;
23	(3) emergency medical services transportation and related
24	equipment;
25	(4) telecommunications and communications;
26	(5) interagency coordination and cooperation;
27	(6) system organization and management;

1	(7) data collection, and management and evaluation;
2	(8) public information and education; and
3	(9) disaster response.
4	(10) community outreach.
5	(d) the Office of EMS shall develop planning and implementation guidelines
6	for emergency medical services systems which address the components stated, and
7	to establish programs to remedy identified deficiencies through the development and
8	periodic revision of a Comprehensive Plan for emergency medical services. The
9	guidelines shall include but not limited, to the following:
10	(1) emergency medical services personnel and training;
11	(2) emergency medical services facilities assessment;
12	(3) emergency medical services transportation and related equipment:
13	(4) telecommunications and communications;
14	(5) interagency coordination and cooperation;
15	(6) system organization and management;
16	(7) data collection, and management and evaluation;
17	(8) public information and education; and
18	——————————————————————————————————————
19	(10) community EMS outreach support.
20	$(\underline{d} \ \underline{e})$ develop emergency medical services regulations and standards
21	emergency medical services facilities, personnel, equipment, supplies and
22	communications facilities and locations as may be required to establish and maintain
23	an adequate system of emergency medical services;

(<u>e</u> f) the Office of EMS *shall* provide technical assistance for the
coordination and approval of training to existing agencies, organizations, and private
entities for the purpose of developing the components of implementing emergency
medical services described in this Chapter;

1 (f g) the Office of EMS *shall* be responsible for determining that the 2 operation of training programs at the EMR, EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-O, ALS and 3 EMT-P-NREMR, NREMT, NAEMT and NRP levels are in compliance with this 4 Chapter, and *shall* review and approve curricula and syllabi of training courses or 5 programs offered to EMS personnel who provide basic, intermediate, and advanced 6 emergency medical services; consult with the Guam Community College, the Guam 7 Fire Department Training Center, and any training service provider or professional 8 organization that provides emergency medical services training for responder, basic, 9 intermediate, advanced life support and paramedic;

- (g h) establish and maintain standards for emergency medical services
   course instructor qualifications and requirements for emergency medical services
   training facilities, instructors, and competency-based curriculum;
- (<u>h</u> i) collect and evaluate data for the continued evaluation of the Guam
   EMS System through a quality improvement program;
- (<u>i</u> <u>j</u>) coordinate emergency medical resources, such as Disaster Teams
  comprised of <u>NREMR, NREMT, NAEMT and NRP</u> EMR's, <u>EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-</u>
  <del>O, EMT P</del> and Licensed Registered Nurses employed by the government of Guam
  agencies, and the allocation of the Guam EMS System's services and facilities in the
  event of mass casualties, natural disasters, national emergencies, and other
  emergencies, ensuring linkage to local and national disaster plans, and participation
  in exercise to test these plans;
- $(j \ k)$  implement public information and education programs to inform the public of the Guam EMS System and its use, and disseminate other emergency medical information, including appropriate methods of medical self-help, the community paramedic outreach program, and first-aid training programs on the island;

1	$(\underline{k} + 1)$ collaborate with the Emergency Medical Services Commission on
2	matters pertaining to the implementation of this Chapter;
3	$(\underline{l} \mathbf{m})$ develop an effective emergency medical services communication
4	system in cooperation with concerned public and private organizations and persons.
5	The communication system <i>shall</i> include, but is not limited to:
6	(1) programs aimed at locating accidents and acute illnesses on
7	and off the roadways and directly reporting such information to the
8	responding agency;
9	(2) direct ambulance communication with the emergency
10	medical services facility;
11	(3) minimum standards and regulations on communication for all
12	appropriate medical components;
13	(4) assist in the development of an enhanced 911 emergency
14	telephone system; and
15	(5) establish the standards and provide training for dispatchers in
16	the EMS System, and maintain a program of quality improvement
17	for dispatch equipment and operations;
18	$(\underline{m} \ \underline{n})$ regulate, inspect, certify, and re-certify emergency medical
19	services facilities, personnel, equipment, supplies, ambulances, advanced life
20	support vehicles, ambulance, emergency ambulance services, private non-emergent
21	medical transport vehicle providers, private communications facilities and locations
22	engaged in providing emergency medical services under this Chapter;
23	$(\underline{n} \ \Theta)$ the Office of EMS may contract for the provision of emergency
24	medical services or any necessary component of an emergency medical services
25	system;
26	$(\underline{o} \ \underline{p})$ establish rules and regulations for the contract of, use, license,
27	standards, liability, equipment and supplies, personnel certifications and revocation

or suspension processes for ambulance service, emergency ambulance service and
 non-emergent medical transport vehicle;

3 (<u>p</u> q) establish criteria necessary to maintain certification as emergency
4 medical services personnel which *shall* include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) a formal program of continuing education;

6 (2) minimum period of service as emergency medical services
7 personnel; and

5

8 (3) re-certification at regular intervals which *shall* include a
9 performance examination and may include written
10 examinations and skills proficiency exam;

(q f) apply for, receive, and accept gifts, bequests, grants-in-aid, and
 Federal aid, and other forms of financial assistance to carry out this Chapter;

- (<u>r</u> s) prepare budgets, maintain fiscal integrity, and disburse funds for
   emergency medical services;
- 15 (<u>s</u> t) establish a schedule of fees to provide courses of instruction and
  16 training for certification and/or recertification in an amount sufficient to cover the
  17 reasonable costs of administering the certification and/or recertification provisions
  18 of the Office of EMS.

(1) The EMS Commission *shall* annually evaluate fees to determine if
the fee is sufficient to fund the actual costs of the Office of EMS Certification and/or
Recertification program. If the evaluation shows that the fees are excessive or are
insufficient to fund the actual costs of these programs, then the fees will be adjusted
accordingly <u>pursuant to the AAL</u>. Any funds appropriated *shall* not be subject to *I Maga'lahen Guåhan's* transfer authority and all monies not used in the fiscal year
will be rolled over into the next fiscal year;

 26
 (A) Initial Fee Schedules subject to amendment pursuant to

 27
 AAL:

1	(i) For initial licensure applications the fee schedule is: Basic
2	level application fee (NREMR or NREMT) fee = \$75; Advanced level
3	application fee (NRAEMT or NRP) fee = \$125;
4	(ii) For applicants completing renewal within 120 days prior to
5	expiration date, the fee schedule is: Basic level application fee
6	(NREMR or NREMT) fee = \$50; Advanced level application fee
7	(NRAEMT or NRP) fee = $$75$ ;
8	(iii) For applicants completing renewal within 60 days prior to
9	expiration date, the fee schedule is: Basic level application fee
10	(NREMR or NREMT) fee = \$75; Advanced level application fee
11	(NRAEMT or NRP) fee = $100$ ;
12	(iv) For applicants completing renewal within 30 days prior to
13	expiration date, the fee schedule is: Basic level application fee
14	(NREMR or NREMT) fee = \$75; Advanced level application fee
15	(NRAEMT or NRP) fee = $125$ ;
16	(v) For applicants completing renewal within 90 days after
17	expiration date, the fee schedule is: Basic level application fee
18	(NREMR or NREMT) fee = \$100; Advanced level application fee
19	(NRAEMT or NRP) fee = $$150$ ;
20	$(\underline{t}, \underline{u})$ promote programs for the education of the general public in first
21	aid and emergency medical services and the community paramedic outreach
22	program;
23	$(\underline{u} \cdot \underline{v})$ the Office of EMS <i>shall</i> , consistent with such plan, coordinate and
24	otherwise facilitate arrangements necessary to develop the emergency medical
25	services system.

1	$(\underline{v},\underline{w})$ the Office of EMS will submit requests for grants for federal,
2	state, or private funds concerning emergency medical services or related activities
3	in its EMS area.
4	(w $\mathbf{x}$ ) the Office of EMS <i>shall</i> submit reports quarterly to the EMS
5	Commission of its review on the operations of each of the following:
6	(1) ambulance services operating within Guam; and
7	(2) emergency medical care offered within Guam, including programs
8	for training large numbers of people in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and lifesaving
9	first aid techniques; and
10	(3) the community paramedic outreach program.
11	$(\underline{x} \ \underline{y})$ the Office of EMS may assist in the implementation of Guam's
12	poison information program, including the provision of the Guam Memorial
13	Hospital Authority's Poison Center;
14	$(\underline{y} z)$ establish and maintain standards for emergency medical services
15	course instructor qualifications and requirements for emergency medical services
16	training facilities; and
17	(aa) the Office of EMS will develop and incorporate an EMSC Program
18	in the Guam EMS Plan. The EMSC component shall include, but not be limited to,
19	the following:
20	(1) EMSC system planning, implementation, and management;
21	(2) injury and illness prevention planning, that includes, among other
22	things, coordination, education, and data collection;
23	(3) care rendered to patients outside the hospital;
24	(4) emergency department care;
25	(5) interfacility consultation, transfer, and transport;
26	(6) pediatric critical care and pediatric trauma services;
27	(7) general trauma centers with pediatric considerations;

- (8) pediatric rehabilitation plans that include, among other things, data
   collection and evaluation, education on early detection of need for referral, and
   proper referral of pediatric patients.
- 4 (9) children with special EMS needs outside the hospital;
- 5 (10) information management and system evaluation;
- 6 (11) employ or contract with professional, technical, research, and
  7 clerical staff as necessary to implement this program;
- 8 (12) provide advice and technical assistance to local EMS partners on
  9 the integration of an EMSC Program into their EMS system;
- 10 (13) oversee implementation of the EMSC Program by local EMS11 agencies;
- 12

(14) establish an EMSC technical advisory committee;

- 13 (15) facilitate cooperative interstate relationships to provide
  14 appropriate care for pediatric patients who must travel abroad to receive emergency
  15 and critical care services;
- 16 (16) work cooperatively and in a coordinated manner with the
  17 Department of Public Health & Social Services, and other public and private
  18 agencies, in the development of standards and policies for the delivery of emergency
  19 and critical care services to children;
- (17) produce a report for the Guam EMS Commission describing any progress on implementation of this Chapter. The report *shall* contain, but not be limited to, a description of the status of emergency medical services for children, the recommendation for training, protocols, and special medical equipment for emergency services for children, an estimate of the costs and benefits of the services and programs authorized by this Chapter, and a calculation of the number of children served by the EMSC system."

1

2

Section 6. § 84107(f)(13)(A) of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, is *amended* to read as follows:

3

4

**"§ 84107. Purpose.** 

The Commission:

(a) *shall* monitor, review, and evaluate on an ongoing basis the
operations, administration, and efficacy of the EMS system, or any components
thereof, to determine conformity with and maximum implementation of this part;

8 (b) *shall* participate in any planning or other policymaking with regard 9 to the EMS system, and seek the participation of the public, including health 10 planning councils in its consideration of plans and policies relating to the EMS 11 System.

12 (c) *shall* adopt and promulgate rules and regulations for the operation 13 and implementation of the EMS System, the administration of the Commission, and 14 the standards for certification and re- certification of emergency medical services 15 facilities, personnel, equipment, supplies, ambulance, advanced life support 16 vehicles, emergency ambulance services, private non-emergent medical transport 17 vehicle providers, communications, facilities, and locations engaged in providing emergency medical services under this Chapter, in accordance with the 18 Administrative Adjudication Law; 19

(d) *shall* advise the Office of EMS in formulating a master plan for
emergency medical services, including medical communication, the enhanced 911
system, and other components necessary to meet the emergency medical needs of
the people of Guam;

(e) *shall* make and from time to time may alter such rules as it deems
necessary for the conduct of its business and for the execution and enforcement of
the provisions of this Chapter;

1 (f) the EMS Commission will deny, suspend, or revoke any EMT B, EMT I, EMT-O, or EMT P NREMR, NREMT, NAEMT and NRP license issued 2 3 under the Office of EMS, for the following actions: 4 (1) fraud in the procurement of any certificate or license under the 5 Office of EMS: 6 (2) gross negligence; 7 (3) listed on Sex Offender Registry; 8 (4) repeated negligent acts: 9 (5) incompetence; 10 (6) the commission of any fraudulent, dishonest, or corrupt act that is 11 substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of pre-hospital 12 personnel; (7) conviction of any crime which is substantially related to the 13 14 qualifications, functions, and duties of pre-hospital personnel. The record of 15 conviction or a certified copy of the record *shall* be conclusive evidence of the 16 conviction: 17 (8) violating or attempting to violate directly or indirectly, or assisting 18 in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provision of the Office 19 of EMS or the regulations adopted by the authority pertaining to pre-hospital 20 personnel; 21 (9) violating or attempting to violate any federal or state statute or 22 regulation that regulates narcotics, dangerous drugs, or controlled substances; 23 (10) addiction to, the excessive use of, or the misuse of, alcoholic 24 beverages, narcotics, dangerous drugs, or controlled substances; 25 (11) functioning outside the supervision of medical control in the field 26 care system operating at the local level, except as authorized by any other license or 27 certification;

(12) demonstration of irrational behavior or occurrence of a physical
 disability to the extent that a reasonable and prudent person would have reasonable
 cause to believe that the ability to perform the duties normally expected may be
 impaired;

5

(13) unprofessional conduct exhibited by any of the following:

6 (A) The mistreatment or physical abuse of any patient resulting 7 from force in excess of what a reasonable and prudent person trained and acting in 8 a similar capacity while engaged in the performance of his or her duties would use if confronted with a similar circumstance. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed 9 10 to prohibit an EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-O, or EMT-P NREMR, NREMT, NAEMT 11 and NRP from assisting a peace officer, or a peace officer who is acting in the dual 12 capacity of peace officer and EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-O, or EMT-P, NREMR, 13 NREMT, NAEMT and NRP, from using that force that is reasonably necessary to 14 effect a lawful arrest or detention.;

(B) The failure to maintain confidentiality of patient medical
information, except as disclosure is otherwise permitted or required by law;

17 (C) The commission of any sexually related offense specified18 under the Penal Code; and

(D) Any actions that *shall* be considered evidence of a threat tothe public's health and safety."

21 Section 7. § 84110 (a)(5) and (c) of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code

22 Annotated, is *amended* and a new § 841110(f) is *added*, to read as follows:

23

# "§ 84110. Certification.

Pursuant to this Chapter, all persons who furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, advertise, or otherwise engaged in providing emergency medical services as a part of the regular course of doing business, either paid or voluntary, shall hold

a current valid certification issued by the Administrator of the Office of EMS to 1 2 provide emergency medical services.

3

In order to be certified, such providers of emergency medical services 4 shall meet the following minimum standards:

5

6

(a) Emergency Medical Services Personnel Training Programs and Courses of Training.

7 (1) The Guam Community College School of Allied Health, the Guam 8 Fire Department, the University of Guam, and other EMS training service providers 9 approved by the DPHSS Office of EMS shall provide training courses in emergency 10 medical responder, emergency medical technician-basic, emergency medical 11 technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-paramedic, and advanced 12 life support for emergency medical services personnel. The curricula and syllabi of 13 these courses shall be approved in advance by the Office of EMS. The curricula and 14 syllabi of the courses of ambulance personnel shall be consistent with the scope and 15 level of the practice of emergency medical services associated with emergency 16 ambulance personnel certification, and the Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, and the National Emergency Medical 17 18 Services Advisory Council.

19 (2) The Guam Community College School of Allied Health, the Guam 20 Fire Department, the University of Guam, and other EMS training service providers 21 approved by the DPHSS Office of EMS shall consult with and get approval of the 22 Office of EMS to determine the number and type of emergency medical services 23 courses necessary to support the staffing requirements for emergency medical 24 services. The basic life support training programs shall be relevant to and consistent 25 with the training course required for certification.

26 (3) The Office of EMS shall develop standards for emergency medical 27 services course instructors, and standards for emergency medical services training facilities for all basic life support personnel, advanced life support personnel, users of the automatic external defibrillator, and emergency medical dispatch personnel that shall be at least equivalent to or exceed the standards necessary to meet the requirements stated in either of the following areas: the Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration or the National Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council, for the certification of basic life support personnel and advanced life support personnel.

8 (4) The Office of EMS will conduct annual inspections of the training 9 facilities and evaluate the qualifications of course instructors to ensure that the 10 standards and qualifications are consistent with the medical standards for emergency 11 medical technician-basic, emergency medical technician-intermediate, emergency 12 medical technician-paramedic and advanced life support emergency medical 13 services personnel, users of the automatic external defibrillators, and emergency 14 medical dispatch/E911 call taker personnel.

15 (5) Course requirements for pre-hospital emergency services training 16 for Emergency Medical Responder (EMR), Emergency Medical Technician-Basic 17 (EMT-B), Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate (EMT-I), Advance Life 18 Support and Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (EMT-P) National Registry 19 Emergency Medical Responder (NREMR), National Registry Emergency Medical 20 Technician (NREMT) National Registry Advance Emergency Medical Technician 21 (NRAEMT) National Registry Paramedic (NRP), National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians (NREMT) shall be listed in the Guam EMS Rules & 22 23 Regulations, as prescribed by the United States Department of Transportation, 24 National Highway Traffic Safety Administration and/or the National Emergency 25 Medical Services Advisory Council.

(b) The personnel shall meet the standards for education and training
 established by the Administrator of the Office of EMS for certification and re certification.

4 (c) Ambulances, emergency medical services facilities, private nonemergent transport vehicles, and private ambulance services primarily provide BLS
6 transport services utilizing EMT-B, EMT-I, EMT-O, or EMT-P, NREMR, NREMT,
7 <u>NAEMT and NRP</u> personnel. Private ambulance services and private non- emergent
8 transport vehicles shall not normally respond to emergency incidents (E911
9 dispatches by Guam Fire Department) as first responder units, except in the
10 following instances:

(1) When specifically requested by the EMS agency (Guam FireDepartment E911 Dispatch) having jurisdiction.

13 (2) When the private service receives a direct request for service from 14 a person or facility other than dispatch, in which the patient may be transported to 15 an Emergency Department. In these instances, the service may respond but shall 16 contact the appropriate emergency dispatch agency (Guam Fire Department E911 17 Dispatch). When a direct request is made to a private ambulance service from a 18 location outside of a medical facility or private ambulance during non-emergency 19 transport, the request shall be routed to E911 via instruction or call transfer for the 20 purpose of dispatching of GFD resources or mutual aid (military or private 21 ambulance service), as determined by established policies and procedures.

(3) Transfer of care by a Guam Fire Department EMT- Paramedic of
 an ALS patient to a private EMT-Paramedic ambulance service for transport *shall only occur* with Guam EMS Medical Director direct on-line medical control
 approval.

26 (4) Transfer of care by a Guam Fire Department EMT-Basic to a private
27 EMT-Basic ambulance service.

1 (d) Ambulances, emergency medical services facilities, private non-2 emergent transport vehicles, and private companies offering ambulance services, 3 and related equipment, shall conform to the requirements of the Administrator of the 4 Office of EMS for certification and re-certification.

5 (e) Ambulances, private companies offering ambulance services and 6 private non-emergent transport vehicles shall be operated in Guam with insurance 7 coverage, issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in Guam, for each 8 and every ambulance, private non- emergent transport vehicle, and private ambulance service owned or operated by or for the licensee, providing for the 9 10 payment of benefits and including, but *not* limited to, the following:

11

(1) No-fault insurance policy (motor vehicle):

12 (A) No-fault benefits with respect to any accidental harm arising out of 13 a motor vehicle accident;

(B) Liability coverage for all damages arising out of bodily injury to or 14 15 death of any person as a result of any one (1) motor vehicle accident;

16 (C) Liability coverage for all damages arising out of injury to or destruction of property, including motor vehicles and including the loss of use, 17 18 thereof, as a result of any one (1) motor vehicle accident;

19 (D) Professional or Occupational Liability or Bodily Injury Insurance 20 (other than motor vehicle) in an amount of not less than that specified by the Guam 21 EMS Administrator as may be required in the regulations adopted by the Office of 22 EMS.

23 (E) Ambulances, private companies offering ambulance services, and 24 private non-emergent transport vehicles shall be equipped with communications 25 equipment approved by the Administrator."

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1	(f) Eligibility, Training and Skill Requirements for Emergency Medical
2	Responder, Emergency Medical Technicians, Advanced Emergency Medical
3	Technicians, and Paramedics:
4	(1) <u>Student Eligibility:</u>
5	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
6	i. <u>18 years of age.</u>
7	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
8	<u>Support):</u>
9	i. <u>18 years of age.</u>
10	(C) Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
11	i. <u>18 years of Age</u>
12	ii. <u>High School Diploma or Equivalent</u>
13	iii. <u>EMT Certificate</u>
14	iv. <u>BLS, ACLS and PALS Certification.</u>
15	(D) Paramedic (Advanced Life Support):
16	i. <u>18 years of Age</u>
17	ii. <u>High School Diploma or Equivalent</u>
18	iii. <u>EMT Certificate</u>
19	iv. <u>BLS, ACLS and PALS Certification.</u>
20	(2) Minimum Training Requirements:
21	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
22	i. <u>96 hours (total minimum)</u>
23	ii. <u>80 hours Didactic</u>
24	iii. <u>16 hours Hospital Clinicals</u>
25	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
26	<u>Support):</u>
27	i. <u>120 hours (total minimum)</u>

1	ii. <u>110 hours Didactic &amp; Skills Lab</u>
2	iii. <u>10 hours Hospital Clinicals</u>
3	iv. Field Internship: 10 Patient Contacts
4	(C) Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
5	i. <u>306 hours (total minimum)</u>
6	ii. 208 hours Didactic & Skills Lab
7	iii. <u>16 hours Clinical</u>
8	iv. 24 hours Field Internship & 10 ALS Team Lead
9	Contacts
10	(D) Paramedic (Advanced Life Support):
11	i. <u>1120 hours (total minimum)</u>
12	ii. 450 hours Didactic & Skills lab
13	iii. <u>150 hours Hospital Clinicals</u>
14	iv. <u>480 hours Field Internship &amp; 40 ALS Team Lead</u>
15	Contacts
16	(3) <u>Minimum Scope of Practice:</u>
17	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
18	i. <u>Patient Assessment</u>
19	ii. <u>Advance First Aid</u>
20	iii. <u>Use of adjunctive breathing aide &amp; administration</u>
21	<u>of oxygen</u>
22	iv. Automated External Defibrillator
23	v. <u>Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation</u>
24	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
25	<u>Support):</u>
26	i. <u>Patient Assessment</u>
27	ii. Advance First Aid

1	iii.	Use of adjunctive breathing aide & administration
2		<u>of oxygen</u>
3	iv.	Automated External Defibrillator
4	v.	Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation
5	vi.	Transport of Ill & Injured Persons
6	(C) <u>Advar</u>	nced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
7	i.	All EMT Skills
8	ii.	Perilaryngeal Airways
9	iii.	Laryngoscope
10	iv.	Endotracheal (ET) Intubations (Adults, Orally)
11	v.	Valsalva's Maneuvers
12	vi.	Intravenous Infusion
13	vii.	Obtain Venous Blood
14	viii.	Glucose Measuring and Administration
15	ix.	Medications: (Approved by Medical Director)
16	(D) <u>Param</u>	nedic (Advanced Life Support):
17	i.	All EMT & AEMT Skills and Medications
18	ii.	Laryngoscope
19	iii.	Endotracheal (ET) Intubations (Orally)
20	iv.	Valsalva's Maneuvers
21	V.	Intravenous Infusion
22	vi.	Obtain Venous Blood
23	vii.	Glucose Measuring and Administration
24	viii.	Needle Thoracostomy & Cricothyroidotomy
25	ix.	Trans-Cutaneous Pacing and Synchronized
26		Cardioversion
27	Х.	Medications: (Approved by Medical Director)

1	(4) <u>Notable Optional Skills:</u>
2	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
3	i. <u>Epi-Pens</u>
4	ii. <u>Naloxone</u>
5	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
6	<u>Support):</u>
7	i. <u>Perilaryngeal Airways</u>
8	ii. <u>Epi-Pens</u>
9	iii. <u>Duodote Kits</u>
10	iv. <u>Intravenous Access</u>
11	v. <u>Naloxone</u>
12	(C) Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
13	i. Additional Medications and Skills approved by
14	the Medical Director
15	(D) Paramedic (Advanced Life Support):
16	i. Local EMS Agencies may add additional
17	Medications and Skills if approved by Medical
18	Director
19	(5) <u>Written Skills and Exams:</u>
20	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
21	i. <u>Administered by the National Registry of EMT's</u>
22	<u>or</u>
23	ii. <u>Administered by the State EMS Office</u>
24	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
25	<u>Support):</u>
26	i. <u>Administered by the National Registry of EMT's</u>
27	<u>or</u>

1	ii. Administered by the State EMS Office
2	(C) Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
3	i. <u>Administered by the National Registry of EMT's</u>
4	<u>or</u>
5	ii. Administered by the State EMS Office
6	(D) Paramedic (Advanced Life Support):
7	i. <u>Administered by the National Registry of EMT's</u>
8	<u>or</u>
9	ii. Administered by the State EMS Office
10	(6) <u>Length of Certification or Licensure:</u>
11	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
12	i. <u>2-Year Certification and Licensure</u>
13	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
14	<u>Support):</u>
15	i. <u>2-Year Certification and Licensure</u>
16	(C) Advanced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT);
17	i. <u>2-Year Certification and Licensure</u>
18	(D) Paramedic (Advanced Life Support):
19	i. <u>2-Year Certification and Licensure</u>
20	(7) <u>Refresher Course/Continuing Education:</u>
21	(A) Emergency Medical Responder (EMR):
22	i. <u>8-hour Refresher Course</u>
23	ii. <u>8-hours of Continuing Education every 2 years</u>
24	(B) Emergency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
25	<u>Support):</u>
26	i. <u>20-hour Refresher Course</u>
27	ii. <u>20-hours of Continuing Education every 2 years</u>

1	(C) <u>Advan</u>	ced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
2	i.	25-hour Refresher Course
3	ii.	25-hours of Continuing Education every 2 years
4	(D) <u>Param</u>	edic (Advanced Life Support):
5	i.	<u>30-hour Refresher Course</u>
6	ii.	30-hours of Continuing Education every 2 years
7	(8) <u>Certification</u>	& Licensed Provisions:
8	(A) <u>Emerg</u>	ency Medical Responder (EMR):
9	i.	Certified and Licensed Locally or
10	ii.	Reciprocity application
11	(B) <u>Emerg</u>	ency Medical Technician (EMT/Basic Life
12	Suppo	<u>rt):</u>
13	i.	Certified and Licensed Locally or
14	ii.	Reciprocity application
15	(C) <u>Advan</u>	ced Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT):
16	i.	Certified and Licensed Locally or
17	ii.	Reciprocity application
18	(D) <u>Param</u>	edic (Advanced Life Support):
19	i.	Certified and Licensed Locally or
20	ii.	Reciprocity application"
21	Section 8. § 84111 of 10	GCA Health and Safety Chapter 84, Emergency
22	Medical Services is amended, a	and a new § 84111 (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) is added,
23	to read:	
24	"For the purpose of im	plementing § 84110, the following certification
25	procedures shall apply:	
26	(a)Certification Application. T	There <i>shall</i> be five (5) four (4) levels of emergency
27	medical service personnel:	Emergency Medical Responder (EMR); Emergency

Medical Technician (EMT); Emergency Medical Technician-Basic (EMT-B);
 Emergency Medical Technician-Intermediate(EMT-I); Advance Life Support(
 ALS); and Emergency Medical Technician Paramedic(EMT-P) Advance
 Emergency Medical Technician (AEMT); and Paramedic.

(b) An application for certification *shall* be made under oath on a form to be
approved by the Commission and provided by the Administrator and *shall*require the applicant to provide documentation as proof of eligibility as
established in the Guam EMS Rules and Regulations in compliance with the
U.S. Department of Transportation.

(c)An applicant from jurisdiction outside of Guam can submit an application for
 certification on Guam under oath on a form to be approved by the Commission
 and provided by the Administrator, and *shall* require the applicant to provide
 documentation as proof of eligibility as established in the Guam EMS Rules
 and Regulations in compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation.

- (d) It shall be the applicant's responsibility to furnish any information requested
   by the Administrator. In the event of any change of information provided, the
   Administrator *shall* be notified within thirty(30) days of any change.
- (e)Every application and all references *shall* be signed by the applicant or the
   person attesting to the applicant's education, experience, and reputation.

20 (f)The following requirements apply to all applicants who have never been
 21 certified as an emergency medical services personnel in Guam on Initial
 22 application must:

23 (1) be eighteen(18) years of age or older;

24 (2) provide a current photo ID( Guam drivers license or U.S. passport);
 25 (3) provide a certified copy of a Police Clearance from the Guam Police
 26 Department;

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1	(4) provided a certified copy of a Court Clearance from the Superior
2	Court of Guam;
3	(5) provide a valid and current CPR( BLS or ACLS) card; and
4	(6) pay a fee established in the fee schedule before Certification is
5	released to the Applicant.
6	(7) Private EMT ambulance personnel shall meet the same rules,
7	conditions, and policies regarding criminal history as those required
8	by GFD personnel as revealed through Court and Police Clearances.
9	(g) Renewal of Certification.
10	(1) Every person holding a certificate under this Chapter shall
11	renew the certificate with the Office of EMS, no later than March 31 of each even-
12	numbered year, of September 30 of each odd-numbered year, pay a renewal fee, and
13	comply with the continuing education requirements set forth in the EMS Rules and
14	Regulations
	6
15	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a
15 16	č
	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a
16	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS.
16 17	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS. Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS
16 17 18	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS. Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements.
16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS.</li> <li>Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements.</li> <li>(3) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited</li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS.</li> <li>Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements.</li> <li>(3) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited persons, provide documentation of compliance shall constitute a forfeiture of the</li> </ul>
16 17 18 19 20 21	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS. Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements. (3) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited persons, provide documentation of compliance shall constitute a forfeiture of the certificate, which may only be restored upon submission of written application,
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> </ol>	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS. Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements. (3) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited persons, provide documentation of compliance shall constitute a forfeiture of the certificate, which may only be restored upon submission of written application, payment to the Office of EMS of a restoration fee, and in the case of audited person,
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS. Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements. (3) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited persons, provide documentation of compliance shall constitute a forfeiture of the certificate, which may only be restored upon submission of written application, payment to the Office of EMS of a restoration fee, and in the case of audited person, documentation of compliance.
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(2) To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a random audit. A person selected for audit shall be notified by the Office of EMS. Within sixty (60) days of notification, the person shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify compliance with the continuing education requirements.</li> <li>(3) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited persons, provide documentation of compliance shall constitute a forfeiture of the certificate, which may only be restored upon submission of written application, payment to the Office of EMS of a restoration fee, and in the case of audited person, documentation of compliance.</li> <li>(4) A certificate that has been forfeited for one (1) renewal term</li> </ul>

1	(5) A certificate issued hereunder shall not be assignable or
2	transferrable.
3	(6) No official entry made upon a certificate may be defaced,
4	removed or obliterated.
5	(c) Emergency Medical Responder:
6	(1) <b>Training</b> : Training for EMRs is offered at the local level by approved training
7	programs. A list of approved training programs may be obtained through the
8	Department of Public and Social Services (DPHSS) via telephone, mail, or
9	from our web page. Training hours consist of 96 hours, broken down into 80
10	classroom and laboratory hours and 16 hours of supervised clinical
11	experience.
12	(2) <b>Testing:</b> In order to practice as an EMR, an individual is certified after passing
13	the National Registry of Emergency Medical Technicians (NREMT)s' written
14	and skills exams.
15	(3) Certification: After passing the written and skills certification exams
16	applicants must obtain a criminal background check, provide documentation
17	of current BLS/CPR certification, provide a current photo ID (Guam driver's
18	license or U.S. Passport), and pay fee established in the fee schedule. The
19	applicant may then be certified through the Office of EMS which issue an
20	EMR certification card (They are also known as the certifying entity).
21	Certification is valid for two years from the date of issue.
22	(4) <b>Recertification:</b> Every two years, an EMR must provide the certifying entity
23	with proof of 16 hours of refresher course work or 16 hours of EMS approved
24	continuing education units (CEUs), and have documented competency in 10
25	skills. EMR shall also maintain current NREMT certification and BLS
26	certification. Applicants must pay the fee established in the fee schedule and

1	provide proof of completion of these requirements in order for the certifying
2	entity to recertify an EMR.
3	(5) <b>Reciprocity:</b> Individuals from out-of-state who meet the following criteria
4	and complete the application requirements of a certifying entity are eligible
5	for certification:
6	(A) Possess a current & valid National Registry EMR certificate,
7	(B) possess a current & valid out-of-state or National Registry EMR
8	certificate or
9	(C) paramedic license, or have documentation of successful completion of
10	an out-of state EMR training course within the last 2 years that meets
11	Guam's EMR training requirements.
12	(6) Scope of Practice: An EMR is trained and certified in basic life support
13	practices. Basic life support (BLS) means emergency first aid and CPR
14	procedures which, at a minimum, include recognizing respiratory and cardiac
15	arrest and starting the proper application of CPR to maintain life without
16	invasive techniques until the patient can be transported or until advanced life
17	support (ALS) is available.
18	(d) Emergency Medical Technician:
19	(1) Training: Training for EMTs is offered at the local level by
20	approved training programs. A list of approved training programs
21	may be obtained through the DPHSS via telephone, mail, or from our
22	web page. Training hours consist of 120 hours, broken down into 110
23	classroom and laboratory hours and 10 hours of supervised clinical
24	experience.
25	(2) <b>Testing:</b> In order to practice as an EMT, an individual is certified
26	after passing the NREMTs' written and skills exams.

1	(3) Certification: After passing the written and skills certification
2	exams applicants must obtain a criminal background check, provide
3	documentation of current BLS/CPR certification, provide a current
4	photo ID (Guam drivers license or U.S. Passport), and pay the fee
5	established in the fee schedule. The applicant may then be certified
6	through the Office of EMS which issue an EMT certification card
7	(They are also known as the certifying entity). Certification is valid
8	for two years from the date of issue.
9	(4) Recertification: Every two years, an EMT must provide the
10	certifying entity with proof of 40 hours of refresher course work or
11	40 hours of EMS approved continuing education units (CEUs), and
12	have documented competency in 10 skills. EMT shall also maintain
13	current NREMT certification and BLS certification. Applicant must
14	pay the fee established in the fee schedule and provide proof of
15	completion of these requirements in order for the certifying entity to
16	recertify an EMT.
17	(5) <b>Reciprocity:</b> Individuals from out-of-state who meet the following
18	criteria and complete the application requirements of a certifying
19	entity are eligible for certification:
20	(A) Possess a current & valid National Registry EMT certificate,
21	(B) possess a current & valid out-of-state or National Registry
22	EMT certificate or
23	(C) paramedic license, or have documentation of successful
24	completion of an out-of state EMT training course within the
25	last 2 years that meets Guam's EMT training requirements.
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26 (6) Scope of Practice: An EMT is trained and certified in basic life
 27 support practices. Basic life support (BLS) means emergency first

1	aid and CPR procedures which, at a minimum, include recognizing
2	respiratory and cardiac arrest and starting the proper application of
3	CPR to maintain life without invasive techniques until the patient can
4	be transported or until advanced life support (ALS) is available.
5	Automated external defibrillator (AED) training is now part of the
6	basic scope of practice.
7	(7) <b>Optional Skills:</b> EMTs may obtain additional training to supplement
8	their standard scope of practice. EMTs may become locally-
9	approved to use certain medications & skills. The local EMS medical
10	director for each agency determines the use of these optional scope
11	items.
12	(e) Advance Emergency Medical Technician:
13	(1) <b>Training:</b> Training for AEMTs is offered at the local level by
14	approved training programs. A list of approved training
15	programs may be obtained through the DPHSS via telephone,
16	mail, or from our web page. The required training hours for
17	AEMTs is 228. The minimum number of hours for each portion
18	of the training program is listed below, although most programs
19	may exceed this amount:
20	(A) Didactic and lab/skills: 168 hours
21	(B) Field Internship: 60 hours
22	(C) <u>TOTAL 228 hours</u>
23	(2) Testing: In order to practice as an AEMT, an individual is
24	certified after passing the NREMTs' written and skills exams.
25	(3) <b>Certification:</b> After passing the written and skills certification
26	exams applicants must obtain a criminal background check,
27	provide documentation of current BLS/CPR certification,

1	provide a current photo ID (Guam drivers license or U.S.
2	Passport), and pay the fee established in the fee schedule. The
3	applicant may then be certified through the Office of EMS
4	which issue an AEMT certification card (They are also known
5	as the certifying entity). Certification is valid for two years from
6	the date of issue.
7	(4) <b>Recertification:</b> Every 2 years, an AEMT must provide the
8	local EMS agency with proof of completion of 50 hours of EMS
9	approved continuing education units (CEUs), and provide
10	documented competency in 6 skills. AEMTs shall also maintain
11	current NREMT certification and BLS certification. Applicants
12	must pay the fee established in the fee schedule and provide
13	proof of completion of these requirements in order for the
14	certifying entity to recertify an AEMT.
15	(5) <b>Reciprocity:</b> An individual who possesses or has possessed a
16	valid AEMT or Paramedic license from another state or holds a
17	current NREMT AEMT or Paramedic certification may be
18	eligible for certification.
19	(6) <b>Scope of Practice:</b> AEMTs are certified in the use of advanced
20	life support (ALS) skills. ALS includes all EMT skills,
21	intravenous infusion, Perilaryngeal airway, and 8 medications
22	(jurisdictional scope of practice may vary).
23	(7) Optional Skills: In addition to the EMT scope of practice,
24	AEMTs may practice additional skills and administer certain
25	medications. These additional optional skills and medications
26	may be utilized and are approved by the local EMS agency and
27	EMS Medical Director. The AEMT is typically employed by

1	public safety agencies, such as fire departments, and by private
2	ambulance companies.
3	(f) Paramedic:
4	(1) <b>Training:</b> Training for Paramedics is offered at the local level by approved
5	training programs. A list of approved training programs may be obtained
6	through the DPHSS via telephone, mail, or from our web page. The minimum
7	number of hours for each portion of the training program is listed below,
8	although most programs exceed these amounts:
9	(A) Didactic and lab/skills: 672 hours
10	(B) Hospital and clinical training: 120 hours
11	(C) Field Experience: 288 hours
12	(D) Field internship with 20 patient contacts and at least 120 hours
13	(E) <u>TOTAL 1,200 hours</u>
14	(2) Testing: In order to practice as a paramedic, an individual must pass the
15	NREMTs' written and skills exams. Tests are scheduled as needed on a
16	program requirement; contact the EMS Authority for further information.
17	(3) Licensure: Guam law requires an individual to be licensed by the EMS
18	Authority in order to practice as a paramedic. Individuals seeking licensure
19	should apply directly to the EMS Authority. After passing the written and
20	skills certification exams applicants must obtain a criminal background check,
21	provide documentation of current BLS/CPR certification, provide a current
22	photo ID (Guam drivers license or U.S. Passport), and pay fee established in
23	the fee schedule. The applicant may then be licensed through the Office of
24	EMS which issue a Paramedic License card (They are also known as the
25	certifying entity). Certification is valid for two years from the date of issue.
26	(4) Credentialing: In addition to licensure, a paramedic must be locally
27	credentialed by an approved EMS agency in order to practice on Guam.

1	Credentialing is orientation to local protocols and training in any local
2	optional scope of practice for the particular local EMS agency jurisdiction as
3	well as skill and knowledge verification by affiliated EMS agency and EMS
4	Medical Director. Paramedics must apply for credentialing directly to the
5	local EMS agency. All provider credentialing <i>shall</i> be approved by the EMS
6	agency Medical Director.
7	(5) License Renewal: Paramedics must complete a minimum of 60 hours of
8	approved continuing education units (CEUs) every two years to maintain
9	licensure. Paramedics shall also maintain current NREMT certification and
10	BLS certification. Applicant must pay the fee established in the fee schedule
11	and provide proof of completion of these requirements in order for the
12	certifying entity to recertify an Paramedic.
13	(6) <b>Reciprocity:</b> Individuals who possess a current paramedic certificate from the
14	National Registry of EMTs or valid state Paramedic License, are eligible for
15	paramedic licensure on Guam when they submit proof of successful
16	completion of a field internship and complete all license requirements.
17	(7) <b>Scope of Practice:</b> Paramedics are trained and licensed in the use of advanced
18	life support (ALS) skills. ALS includes all EMT and AEMT skills, use of
19	laryngoscope, endotracheal and nasogastric intubation, Valsalva's Maneuver,
20	needle thoracostomy, administration of 21 drugs, and other skills.
21	(8) <b>Optional Skills:</b> The EMS Authority can approve the use of additional skills
22	and administration of additional medications by paramedics upon the request
23	of a local EMS medical director.
24	(g) Renewal of Certification.
25	(8) Every person holding a certificate under this Chapter shall renew
26	the certificate with the Office of EMS no later than March 31 of
27	each even-numbered year, or September 30 of each odd-numbered

1	year, pay a renewal fee, and comply with the continuing education
2	requirements set forth in the EMS Rules and Regulations.
3	(9) - To determine compliance, the Office of EMS may conduct a
4	random audit. Person selected for audit shall be notified by the
5	Office of EMS. Within sixty(60) days of notification, the person
6	shall provide to the Office of EMS documentation to verify
7	compliance with the continuing education requirements.
8	(10) Failure to renew, pay the renewal fee, and, in case of audited
9	persons, provide documentation of compliance shall constitute a
10	forfeiture of the certificate, which may only be restored upon
11	submission of written application, payment to the Office of EMS of
12	a restoration fee, and in the case of audited person, documentation
13	of compliance.
14	(11) A certificate that has been forfeited for one(1) renewal term shall be
15	automatically terminated and cannot be restored, and a new
16	application for certification shall be required.
17	(12) - A certificate issue hereunder shall not be assignable or transferrable.
18	(13) No official entry made upon certificate may be defaced, removed or
19	obliterated.
20	(g) Temporary Certification: The Office of EMS shall approve temporary
21	certification of an applicant if the applicant has completed an approved training
22	program within twelve months of the date of application and has never taken
23	the written and practical examination of the National Registry of Emergency
24	Medical Technicians for that level of practice but otherwise meets the
25	requirements, has filed a complete application with the Office of EMS, and has
26	paid all required fees. If the applicant fails to apply for, or to take, the next
27	succeeding examination or fails to pass the examination or fails to receive a

1	certificate, all privileges under this section shall automatically cease upon	
2	written notification sent to the applicant by the Office of EMS. A temporary	
3	certificate for each level of practice may be issued only once to each person.	
4	Prior to practicing under temporary certification, applicants shall notify the	
5	Office of EMS in writing of any and all employers under whom they will be	
6	performing services.	
7	(h) Extension of Licenses for members of Armed Forces (National Guard	
8	and or Reserves):	
9	1) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any license held by a	
10	member of the armed forces, national guard, or a reserve component that	
11	expires, is forfeited, or deemed delinquent while the member is on active	
12	duty and deployed during a state or national crisis shall be restored under	
13	the restoration requirements provided in this section. For the purposes of	
14	this section, "local or national crisis" includes but is not limited to:	
15	(A) a situation requiring the proper defense of nation or state;	
16	(B) a federal or state disaster or emergency;	
17	(C) a terrorist threat; or	
18	(D) a homeland security or homeland defense event or action.	
19	2) The licensing authority shall restore a license upon the payment of the	
20	current renewal fee if the Member:	
21	(A) requests a restoration of the license within one hundred	
22	twenty(120) days after being discharged or released from	
23	active-duty deployment;	
24	(B) provides the licensing authority with a copy of the	
25	Member's order calling the Member to active-duty	
26	deployment and the Member's discharge or release	
27	orders; and	

1	(C) if required for renewal, provides documentation to	
2	establish the financial integrity of the licensee or to	
3	satisfy a federal requirement.	
4	(3) This section:	
5	(A) shall not apply to a member who is on scheduled annual or	
6	specialized training, or to any person whose license is suspended or	
7	revoked, or who otherwise has been adjudicated and is subject to	
8	disciplinary action on a license; and	
9	(B) shall also apply to a member whose license is current, but will	
10	expire within one hundred twenty (120) days of the Member's	
11	discharge or release from active-duty deployment."	
12	Section 9. § 84112(a)(1) and (a)(3) of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code	
13	Annotated, is <i>amended</i> to read:	
14	"§ 84112. Exemptions from this Chapter.	
15	(a) A certificate <i>shall</i> not be required for a person who provides emergency	
16	medical services when:	
	incurcal services when.	
17	(1) assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical	
17 18		
	(1) assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical	
18	(1) assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical services under this Chapter or in the case of a major catastrophe,	
18 19	<ul> <li>assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical services under this Chapter or in the case of a major catastrophe, disaster or declaration of state emergency and/or executive order</li> </ul>	
18 19 20	<ul> <li>assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical services under this Chapter or in the case of a major catastrophe, disaster or declaration of state emergency and/or executive order by <i>I Maga' lahi(</i> the Governor) emergency in which persons</li> </ul>	
18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical services under this Chapter or in the case of a major catastrophe, disaster or declaration of state emergency and/or executive order by <i>I Maga' lahi(</i> the Governor) emergency in which persons certified to provide emergency medical services are insufficient</li> </ul>	
18 19 20 21 22	<ul> <li>(1) assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical services under this Chapter or in the case of a major catastrophe, disaster or declaration of state emergency and/or executive order by <i>I Maga' lahi(</i> the Governor) emergency in which persons certified to provide emergency medical services are insufficient or unable to cope; or</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) assisting persons certified to provide emergency medical services under this Chapter or in the case of a major catastrophe, disaster or declaration of state emergency and/or executive order by <i>I Maga' lahi(</i> the Governor) emergency in which persons certified to provide emergency medical services are insufficient or unable to cope; or</li> <li>(2) operating from a location or headquarters outside of Guam</li> </ul>	

1	(3) when and where government resources are inadequate to
2	support the EMS geographic response time, the EMS
3	Commission via the Chairman and three(3) appointed voting
4	members will approve the use of private non-emergent transport
5	vehicles and/or private transport vehicles or all available
6	ambulances here as means of transportation to a Guam Fire
7	Department E911 dispatched emergency call. All types of
8	vehicles utilized for the transportation of the sick and injured
9	must pass the current vehicle inspection requirements by the U.S.
10	Department of Transportation, the Guam Office of EMS, and the
11	Department of Revenue & Taxation Motor Vehicle Code and/or
12	Regulations.
13	(b) The emergency medical services facilities, personnel and related
14	equipment of any agency or instrumentality of the United States shall
15	be required to be certified to conform to the standards prescribed under
16	this Chapter."
17	Section 10. § 84122 of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, is
18	amended, and a new § 84122(a)(7), (a)(8), and (a)(9), is added, to read:
19	"§ 84122. Division of EMS.
20	(a) The Guam Memorial Hospital Authority (GMHA) shall establish a
21	Division of EMS. The Division shall be headed by the Off-line Medical
22	Control Physician, GMHA Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Medical
23	Director, who shall be a licensed physician. The Division responsibilities
24	shall include, but not be limited to:
25	(1) providing off-line medical control for government of Guam
26	emergency medical technicians(EMTs) pre-hospital providers, E-911
27	dispatchers, and on-line emergency department personnel;
	dispateners, and on-fine emergency department personner,

1	(2) participating with other Emergency Medical Systems (EMS)
2	agencies in the planning, development and advancement of EMS;
3	(3) assisting in the adoption of treatment protocols as developed
4	by the Department of Public Health and Social Services-Office of
5	EMS; create and maintain up to date medical treatment protocols to be
6	used by government of Guam pre-hospital providers;
7	(4) coordinating with the Department of Public Health and
8	Social Services – Office of EMS, the Guam Fire Department Training
9	Bureau, the Guam Community College, and all other training centers,
10	for the training of pre-hospital personnel;
11	(5) aiding government of Guam agencies in achieving
12	compliance with the Department of Public Health and Social Services
13	EMS Rules and Regulations relative to personnel, equipment training,
14	vehicles, communications and supplies;
15	(6) conducting EMS research as needed;
16	(7) establish a quality improvement program within government
17	of Guam agencies and share data with the DPHSS Office of EMS;
18	(8) ensure there is a seamless process for On-line Medical
19	Control available to all government of Guam agencies; and
20	(9) establish a multidisciplinary committee made of GMHA
21	physicians, nurses, and pharmacist to address changes or
22	recommendations for new prehospital policies, procedures and
23	protocols.
24	(b) The Division <i>shall</i> designate the following:
25	(1) Off-line EMS Medical Control Physician EMS Medical
26	Director- A GMHA Emergency Department staff physician
27	with either formal training or extensive experience in EMS

1	shall be the head of this Division under the title of Off-line
2	EMS Medical Control Physician Director, and this physician
3	shall operate as an agent of GMHA; and
4	(2) Second Off-line Medical Control Physician for Pediatric Pre-
5	hospital Care. Assistant EMS Medical Director. Following
6	recommendations of the federal program EMS for Children, the
7	involvement of a GMHA Emergency Department Sstaff
8	Pediatrician as a Second Off-line EMS Medical Control
9	Physician, namely as an Off-line EMS Medical Control
10	Physician-Pediatrics physician, or GMHA staff Pediatrician as
11	a Second Off-line EMS Medical Control Physician-Pediatrics
12	is highly encouraged; and this pediatrician shall, as an agent of
13	GMHA, with additional duties to include ensuring all provide
14	off-line medical control (medical protocols) for pre-hospital
15	medical care provided specifically to children by government
16	of Guam EMS personnel is consistent with best practices; and
17	(3) EMS Medical Coordinator. The Division of EMS at GMHA
18	shall have one (1) full-time EMS Medical Coordinator, who
19	shall be a certified-EMT-Paramedic or Registered Nurse with
20	EMS experience, and who shall work under the guidance of the
21	Off-line Medical Control Physician EMS Medical Director and
22	Assistant EMS Medical Director.
23	(c) Administrative and Educational Resources. GMHA shall make available
24	adequate GMHA administrative and educational resources to support the
25	Division of EMS and its mission.
26	(d)EMS Agencies to Share Resources. In recognition of the multi-agency
27	nature of EMS Medical Direction, all agencies involved with EMS on

- 1 Guam *shall*, within reason, share personnel and other resources with each 2 other across agency lines in an effort to assure the uninterrupted and 3 effective existence of all three (3) levels of physician involvement in 4 Guam's EMS system.
- (e) EMS Oversight Authority. The authority of the Division at GMH in EMS
  oversight *shall not* supersede the regulatory authority of the Department of
  Public Health and Social Services and the EMS Commission as previously
  established in Guam law.
- 9 (f) The amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000) is hereby 10 appropriated from the General Fund to the Guam Office of EMS under the 11 DPHSS. The unexpended balance of the appropriation *shall not* revert back 12 to the General Fund, but shall be carried over into the next fiscal year to 13 be expended in accordance with the original purpose of said funds. The 14 funds appropriated herein *shall not* be subject to *I Maga'Låhen Guåhan's* 15 transfer authority.
- (g) The Civil Service Commission, in collaboration with the Guam Memorial
  Hospital Authority, *shall* develop the job descriptions and salary structure
  for the positions delineated in this Act within six (6) months upon
  enactment of this Act.
- (h) Severability. *If* any provision of this Act or its application to any person or
  circumstances is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity
  shall *not* affect other provisions or applications of this Act which can be
  given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end
  the provisions of this Act are severable."

25 Section 11. A new § 84124 of Chapter 84, Title 10, Guam Code
26 Annotated, *is added* to read:

27 <u>"§ 84124. EMS Scope of Practice.</u>

1 (a) <u>Principles:</u>

2	(1) In order to function as an EMS Provider, an individual must be
3	certified/licensed from the Department of Public Health and Social
4	Services Office of Emergency Medical Services as an NREMR,
5	NREMT, NRAEMT or NRP.
6	(2) EMS Providers are responsible to adhere to the scope of practice while
7	functioning as an EMS Provider on Guam.
8	(3) During training, while at the scene of an emergency, during transport
9	of the sick or injured, or during interfacility transfer, a certified EMS
10	Provider or supervised EMS provider student is authorized to do any of
11	the following:
12	(b) <u>Policies:</u>
13	(1) Scope of Practice of a National Registry Emergency Medical
14	Responder:
15	(A) Conduct primary and secondary patient examinations;
16	(B) <u>Take and record vital signs;</u>
17	(C) Utilize non-invasive diagnostic devices in accordance with manufacturer's
18	recommendation;
19	(D) Open and maintain an airway by positioning the patient's head;
20	(E) Provide external cardiopulmonary resuscitation and obstructed airway care
21	for infants, children, and adults;
22	(F) Provide immobilization care for musculoskeletal injuries;
23	(G) Assist with prehospital childbirth; and
24	(H) Complete a clear and accurate prehospital emergency care report form on all
25	patient contacts and provide a copy of that report to the senior emergency
25 26	
	patient contacts and provide a copy of that report to the senior emergency

1	(J) Maintain an open airway through the use of:
2	(i) <u>A nasopharyngeal airway device;</u>
3	(ii) <u>A noncuffed oropharyngeal airway device;</u>
4	(K) <u>A pharyngeal suctioning device;</u>
5	(L) Operate a bag mask ventilation device with reservoir;
6	(M) Provide care for suspected medical emergencies, including administering
7	liquid oral glucose for Hypoglycemia;
8	(N) Prepare and administer aspirin by mouth for suspected myocardial infarction
9	(MI) in patients with no known history of allergy to aspirin or recent
10	gastrointestinal bleed;
11	(O) Prepare and administer epinephrine by automatic injection device for
12	anaphylaxis; and
13	(P) Perform cardiac defibrillation with an automatic or semi-automatic
14	defibrillator
15	(2) Scope of Practice of a National Registry Emergency Medical
16	Technician:
17	(A) Evaluate the ill and injured.
18	(B) Render basic life support, rescue and emergency medical care to patients.
19	(C) Obtain diagnostic signs to include, but not be limited to, temperature, blood
20	pressure, pulse and respiration rates, pulse oximetry, level of consciousness,
21	and pupil status.
22	(D) Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), including the use of
23	mechanical adjuncts to basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
24	(E) <u>Administer oxygen.</u>
25	(F) Use the following adjunctive airway and breathing aids:
26	(G) Oropharyngeal airway;
27	(H) <u>Nasopharyngeal airway;</u>

I	(I) <u>Suction devices;</u>	
2	(J) Basic oxygen delivery devices for supplemental oxygen therapy including,	
3	but not limited to, humidifiers, partial rebreathers, and venturi masks; and	
4	(K) Manual and mechanical ventilating devices designed for prehospital use	
5	including continuous positi	ive airway pressure.
6	(L) Use various types of stretch	ers and spinal motion restriction or immobilization
7	devices.	
8	(M) Provide initial prehospital	emergency care to patients, including, but not
9	limited to:	
10	i. <u>B</u>	Bleeding control through the application of
11	<u>to</u>	ourniquets;
12	ii. <u>U</u>	Use of hemostatic dressings from a list approved by
13	<u>tl</u>	ne Authority;
14	iii. <u>S</u>	pinal motion restriction or immobilization;
15	iv. <u>S</u>	eated spinal motion restriction or immobilization;
16	v. <u>E</u>	Extremity splinting; and
17	vi. <u>T</u>	<u>raction splinting.</u>
18	vii. <u>A</u>	Administer oral glucose or sugar solutions.
19	viii. <u>E</u>	Extricate entrapped persons.
20	ix. <u>P</u>	erform field triage.
21	x. <u>T</u>	<u>ransport patients.</u>
22	xi. <u>A</u>	Apply mechanical patient restraint.
23	xii. <u>S</u>	et up for ALS procedures, under the direction of
24	<u>a</u>	n Advanced EMT or Paramedic.
25	xiii. <u>P</u>	erform automated external defibrillation.
26	xiv. <u>A</u>	Assist patients with the administration of physician-
27	р	rescribed devices including, but not limited to,

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1		patient-operated medication pumps, sublingual
2		nitrogylcerin, and self-administered emergency
2		medications, including epinephrine devices.
4	XV.	Administer naloxone or other opioid antagonist by
5		intranasal and/or intramuscular routes for suspected
6		narcotic overdose;
7	xvi.	Administer epinephrine by auto-injector for
8		suspected anaphylaxis and/or severe asthma;
9	xvii.	Perform finger stick blood glucose testing; and
10	xviii.	Administer over the counter medications, when
11		approved by the medical director, including, but not
12		limited to:
13		a. <u>Aspirin.</u>
14	xix.	The scope of practice of an EMT shall not exceed
15		those activities authorized in this Section
16	XX.	Special Procedures: Institute intraosseous (IO)
17		needles or catheters for cardiac arrest patients if
18		specifically trained and authorized by local agency
19		EMS Medical director.
20	(3) <u>Scope of Practice of</u>	of a National Registry Advanced Emergency Medical
21	Technician:	
22	(A) Perform all procedures th	hat an EMT may perform;
23	(B) Initiate peripheral intrave	enous (IV) lines in unconscious patients;
24	(C) Maintain peripheral intra	venous (IV) lines;
25	(D) Initiate saline or similar	locks in unconscious patients;
26	(E) Draw peripheral blood sp	pecimens;

1	(F) Insert an uncuffed pharyngeal airway device in the practice of airway
2	maintenance. A cuffed pharyngeal airway device is:
3	(i) A single lumen airway device designed for blind insertion into the
4	esophagus providing airway protection where the cuffed tube prevents
5	gastric contents from entering the pharyngeal space; or
6	(ii) <u>A multi-lumen airway device designed to function either as the single</u>
7	lumen device when placed in the esophagus, or by insertion into the
8	trachea where the distal cuff creates an endotracheal seal around the
9	ventilatory tube preventing aspiration of gastric contents.
10	(G) Perform tracheobronchial suctioning of an already intubated patient; and
11	(H) Prepare and administer the following medications under specific written
12	protocols authorized by the Medical Director or direct orders from a licensed
13	consultant physician:
14	(i) <u>Physiologic isotonic crystalloid solution IV or IO</u>
15	(ii) Anaphylaxis: epinephrine IM
16	(iii) Antidotes: Naloxone hydrochloride SL, IM, or IV
17	(iv) Anti-hypoglycemics: Hypertonic glucose IV;
18	(v) Catecholamine: Epinephrine 1:1000; Epinephrine 1:10,000 IM or IV
19	(vi) Parasympathetic Blocker: Atropine IV
20	(vii)Nebulized bronchodilators: as determined by the Medical Director
21	(viii) <u>Non-Opioid Analgesics for acute pain as determined by their</u>
22	Medical Director
23	(I) <u>Prepare and administer immunizations in the event of an outbreak or epidemic</u>
24	as declared by the Chief Public Health Officer or designated public health
25	officer, as part of an emergency immunization program, under the Medical
26	Director's standing order;

1	(J) Prepare and administer immunizations for seasonal and pandemic influenza
2	vaccinations according to the Chief Public Health Officer's recommended
3	immunization guidelines as directed by the agency's Medical Director's
4	standing order;
5	(K) Distribute medications at the direction of the Medical Director as a component
6	of a mass distribution effort;
7	(L) Maintain during transport any intravenous medication infusions or other
8	procedures which were initiated in a medical facility, if clear and
9	understandable written instructions for such maintenance have been provided
10	by the physician at the sending medical facility;
11	(M) Perform electrocardiographic rhythm interpretation of ventricular fibrillation,
12	ventricular tachycardia, pulseless electrical activity, and asystole; and
13	(D) Perform cardiac defibrillation with a manual defibrillator.
14	(4) Scope of Practice of a National Registry Paramedic:
15	(A) A paramedic may perform any activity identified in the scope of practice of
16	an NREMT, or any activity identified in the scope of practice of an NRAEMT
17	(B) <u>A paramedic shall be affiliated with an approved paramedic service provider</u>
18	in order to perform the scope of practice specified in this Chapter.
19	(C) A paramedic student or a licensed paramedic, as part of an organized EMS
20	system, while caring for patients in a hospital as part of his/her training or
21	continuing education (CE) under the direct supervision of a physician,
22	registered nurse, or physician assistant, or while at the scene of a medical
23	emergency or during transport, or during interfacility transfer, or while
24	working in a hospital, may perform the following procedures or administer
25	the following medications when such are approved by the medical director of
26	the Guam EMSC and are included in the written policies and procedures of
27	the Guam EMSC.

1	(i) <u>Scope of Practice includes but is not limited to:</u>
2	(a) Utilize electrocardiographic devices and monitor
3	electrocardiograms, including 12- lead electrocardiograms (ECG).
4	(b) Perform defibrillation, synchronized cardioversion, and external
5	cardiac pacing.
6	(c) Visualize the airway by use of the laryngoscope and remove foreign
7	bodies with Magill forceps.
8	(d) Perform pulmonary ventilation by use of lower airway multi-lumen
9	adjuncts, the esophageal airway, peri laryngeal airways, stomal
10	intubation, and adult oral endotracheal intubation.
11	(e) Utilize mechanical ventilation devices for continuous positive
12	airway pressure (CPAP)/bi-level positive airway pressure (BPAP)
13	and positive end expiratory pressure (PEEP) in the spontaneously
14	breathing patient.
15	(f) Institute intravenous (IV) catheters, saline locks, needles, or other
16	cannulae (IV lines), in peripheral veins and monitor and administer
17	medications through pre-existing vascular access.
18	(g) Institute intraosseous (IO) needles or catheters.
19	(h) Administer IV or IO glucose solutions or isotonic balanced salt
20	solutions, including Ringer's lactate solution. (I) Obtain venous
21	blood samples.
22	(i) Use laboratory devices, including point of care testing, for pre-
23	hospital screening use to measure lab values including, but not
24	limited to: glucose, capnometry, capnography, and carbon
25	monoxide when appropriate authorization is obtained from the
26	Guam EMSC Medical Director
27	(j) <u>Utilize Valsalva maneuver.</u>

1	(k) Perform percutaneous needle cricothyroidotomy.
2	(1) <u>Perform needle thoracostomy.</u>
3	(m) Perform nasogastric and orogastric tube insertion and suction.
4	(n) Monitor thoracostomy tubes.
5	(o) Monitor and adjust IV solutions containing potassium, equal to or
6	less than 40 mEq/L.
7	(p) Administer approved medications by the following routes: IV, IO,
8	intramuscular, subcutaneous, inhalation, transcutaneous, rectal,
9	sublingual, endotracheal, intranasal, oral or topical.
10	(q) Administer, using pre-packaged products when available, the
11	following medications:
12	(1) $10\%$ , 25% and 50% dextrose;
13	(2) <u>activated charcoal;</u>
14	(3) <u>acetaminophen;</u>
15	(4) <u>adenosine;</u>
16	(5) <u>aerosolized or nebulized beta-2 specific bronchodilators;</u>
17	(6) <u>amiodarone;</u>
18	(7) <u>aspirin;</u>
19	(8) <u>ATNAA/MARK 1;</u>
20	(9) <u>atropine sulfate;</u>
21	(10) <u>pralidoxime chloride;</u>
22	(11) <u>calcium chloride;</u>
23	(12) <u>diazepam;</u>
24	(13) <u>diphenhydramine hydrochloride;</u>
25	(14) <u>dopamine hydrochloride;</u>
26	(15) <u>epinephrine;</u>
27	(16) <u>fentanyl;</u>

1	(17)			
1	(17)	<u>glucagon;</u>		
2	(18)	<u>glucose (oral);</u>		
3	(19)	haloperidol;		
4	(20)	ipratropium bromide;		
5	(21)	<u>ketamine;</u>		
6	(22)	lorazepam;		
7	(23)	<u>midazolam;</u>		
8	(24)	lidocaine hydrochloride;		
9	(25)	magnesium sulfate;		
10	(26)	morphine sulfate;		
11	(27)	naloxone hydrochloride;		
12	(28)	nitroglycerine preparations (I.V., Oral);		
13	(29)	norepinephrine;		
14	(30)	ondansetron;		
15	(31)	sodium bicarbonate;		
16	(32)	Tranexamic Acid (TXA)."		
17	Section 12. Severability. If any provision of this Act or its application to any			
18	person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall			
19	not affect other provisions or applications of this Act which can be given effect			
20	without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this			
21	Act are severable.			
22	Section 13. Effective Date. This Act shall become immediately effective			
23	upon its enactment.			
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26				
20 27				